### Introduction

Welcome to the world of creative writing! This lesson plan is designed to introduce 13-year-old students, including those who are English Language Learners (ELL) or English as a Second Language (ESL) students, to the fundamental techniques of character development in creative writing. The focus will be on engaging reluctant writers through interactive and inclusive strategies, ensuring that all students can participate and benefit from the lesson. By the end of this lesson, students will understand the basics of character development, including how to create believable characters, develop character traits, and integrate characters into a story.

#### **Lesson Overview**

This lesson plan is divided into several sections, each designed to build on the previous one, providing a comprehensive introduction to character development techniques. The sections include an introduction to character development, teaching script, guided practice, independent practice, and conclusion. Throughout the lesson, ELL/ESL support strategies will be incorporated to ensure that all students have the opportunity to engage with the material and develop their writing abilities.

### **Lesson Introduction**

The lesson on introducing character development techniques to 13-year-old reluctant writers begins with an engaging hook to capture the students' attention and interest. The teacher starts by asking students about their favorite characters from books, movies, or video games, and what makes these characters so memorable and compelling. This discussion serves as a springboard to introduce the concept of character development, highlighting its significance in storytelling and creative writing.

# **Teaching Script**

#### Minutes 1-5: Introduction and Hook

- The teacher greets the students and introduces the topic of character development, asking about their favorite characters and what makes them memorable.
- The teacher writes down key characteristics mentioned by the students on the board, highlighting how these traits contribute to the characters' appeal.
- ELL/ESL support: Provide a handout with key vocabulary related to character development and encourage students to follow along.

# **Teaching Script Continued**

#### Minutes 6-10: Direct Instruction

- The teacher explains the concept of character development, using simple definitions and examples that students can relate to.
- Visual aids such as diagrams or slides are used to illustrate character traits, backstory, and character arc.
- For ELL/ESL students, the teacher offers bilingual resources and checks for understanding regularly.

## **Guided Practice**

#### Minutes 11-15: Guided Practice

- Students are given character trait cards and asked to create a character profile in small groups.
- The teacher circulates around the room to assist, especially focusing on supporting ELL/ESL students and encouraging peer-to-peer support.
- · Each group presents their character, discussing the traits they chose and why.

# **Independent Practice**

#### Minutes 16-20: Independent Practice

- Students are given a prompt to start writing a short story incorporating their character.
- The teacher provides writing guides and encourages students to use their imagination.
- ELL/ESL support: Offer sentence starters and writing frames to assist with writing.

# **Sharing and Feedback**

#### Minutes 21-25: Sharing and Feedback

- Students share their stories in small groups or as a whole class, focusing on the characters they developed.
- The teacher facilitates feedback, encouraging students to comment on character development and story engagement.
- ELL/ESL support: Encourage peers to provide feedback using simple, positive language.

In conclusion, introducing character development techniques to 13-year-old reluctant writers is a valuable approach to enhancing their creative writing skills and fostering a love for storytelling. By incorporating ELL/ESL support strategies, teachers can ensure that all students have the opportunity to engage with the material and develop their writing abilities.

# **Next Steps**

The next steps following the introduction to character development techniques for reluctant writers involve a series of follow-up lessons designed to build on the foundational knowledge and skills acquired. These lessons will focus on plot development, dialogue and character voice, and revising and editing for character consistency, ensuring that students continue to develop their writing skills and creativity.

# **Subject Knowledge**

Character development is a fundamental concept in creative writing that involves creating believable and engaging characters. This section delves into the subject knowledge required to understand and apply character development techniques effectively.

# **Understanding Character Traits**

Character traits are the characteristics that define a character's personality, behavior, and appearance. They can be physical (e.g., tall, blue eyes), personality-related (e.g., brave, outgoing), or a combination of both. Understanding character traits is crucial for developing well-rounded characters that readers can relate to or empathize with.

In conclusion, this lesson plan provides a comprehensive introduction to character development techniques for 13-year-old reluctant writers, including those who are ELL or ESL students. By following this plan, teachers can create a supportive and engaging learning environment that encourages all students to participate and develop their writing skills.

### **Additional Resources**

For additional support and resources, teachers can refer to the following:

- ELL/ESL support strategies
- · Character development worksheets and activities
- Writing guides and prompts
- · Assessment and feedback tools

# **Advanced Concepts**

As students progress in their understanding of character development, it's essential to introduce advanced concepts that can further enrich their writing. This includes exploring character arcs, subtext, and the role of dialogue in revealing character traits. Character arcs refer to the transformation or growth that a character undergoes throughout the story, which can be pivotal in making the narrative engaging and believable.

## Case Study: Character Arcs in Literature

A classic example of a character arc can be seen in J.K. Rowling's "Harry Potter" series, where the protagonist, Harry Potter, evolves from an insecure, orphaned boy to a confident, selfless leader. This transformation is gradual, influenced by his experiences, relationships, and the challenges he faces, making his character arc a compelling aspect of the series.

# Teaching Strategies for Reluctant Writers

For reluctant writers, especially those who are ELL or ESL students, it's crucial to employ teaching strategies that are engaging, inclusive, and supportive. This can include using visual aids, providing bilingual resources, and encouraging peer-to-peer support. Visual aids such as diagrams, charts, and pictures can help in explaining complex concepts like character development in a more accessible way.

# **Strategy: Visual Aids for Character Development**

Teachers can use character trait charts where students can list and describe their character's physical appearance, personality traits, and background. This visual approach can make the concept of character development more tangible and easier to understand, especially for visual learners.

### Assessment and Feedback

Assessment and feedback are critical components of the learning process, especially in creative writing. For character development, assessments can range from written assignments where students create and describe their characters, to more interactive approaches like role-playing exercises. Feedback should be constructive, focusing on both the strengths and areas of improvement in the student's work.

# Reflection: The Importance of Feedback in Character Development

Feedback on character development should guide students towards creating more believable and engaging characters. It's essential for teachers to provide feedback that is specific, timely, and actionable, allowing students to reflect on their work and make meaningful improvements. This reflective process is vital for students to understand how their characters contribute to the overall narrative and how they can enhance their writing skills.

#### **Conclusion and Future Directions**

In conclusion, teaching character development techniques to reluctant writers, including those who are ELL or ESL students, requires a thoughtful and multi-faceted approach. By incorporating advanced concepts, employing supportive teaching strategies, and providing constructive feedback, teachers can help students develop their writing skills and foster a deeper appreciation for storytelling. Future directions in teaching character development may involve leveraging technology, such as writing apps and online resources, to make the learning process more engaging and accessible.

# **Future Directions in Teaching Character Development**

The integration of digital tools can offer new avenues for teaching character development. For instance, online character development worksheets, interactive writing prompts, and collaborative storytelling platforms can make the learning experience more dynamic and appealing to students. Additionally, these tools can provide teachers with innovative ways to assess student progress and offer personalized feedback.

# **Appendix: Resources for Teachers**

For teachers looking to further develop their skills in teaching character development, or for those seeking additional resources to support their students, several options are available. This includes professional development courses, educational websites, and literature on teaching creative writing. These resources can provide valuable insights, strategies, and materials that can enhance the teaching and learning experience.

### Resource: Professional Development for Teachers

Professional development courses focused on teaching creative writing and character development can equip teachers with the latest methodologies and technologies. These courses often cover topics such as designing engaging writing prompts, using technology to enhance writing instruction, and strategies for supporting diverse learners, including ELL and ESL students.

# Glossary of Terms

A glossary of key terms related to character development can be a useful reference for both teachers and students. Terms such as character arc, character trait, dialogue, and subtext are fundamental to understanding and applying character development techniques in writing. Defining these terms clearly can help ensure that all students, including those who are ELL or ESL, have a solid foundation in character development concepts.

### Glossary: Key Terms in Character Development

Character Arc: The transformation or growth that a character undergoes throughout a story. Character Trait: A characteristic of a character's personality, behavior, or appearance. Dialogue: The conversation between characters in a story, used to reveal character traits and advance the plot. Subtext: The underlying meaning or emotion behind a character's words or actions.

#### References

The development of this lesson plan on teaching character development techniques to reluctant writers, including ELL and ESL students, has been informed by a variety of sources. These include educational research on teaching creative writing, literature on character development, and resources from professional teaching organizations. Referencing these sources can provide teachers with a deeper understanding of the theoretical underpinnings of the strategies and techniques presented.

#### Reference List

A list of references used in the development of this lesson plan, including books, articles, and online resources, can be found here. These references cover a range of topics from the psychology of character development to practical strategies for teaching creative writing to diverse learners.



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