

**Subject Area:** English Language Arts **Unit Title:** Identifying Inference and Making

Predictions in Audio Narratives **Grade Level:** 9-year-olds **Lesson Number:** 1 of 10

**Duration:** 30 minutes **Date:** [Insert Date]

**Teacher:** [Insert Teacher's Name] **Room:** [Insert Room Number]

## **Curriculum Standards Alignment**

#### **Content Standards:**

- Students will be able to recall the definitions of inference and prediction.
- Students will be able to explain how authors use language to create inferences and make predictions in audio narratives.

#### **Skills Standards:**

- Students will be able to apply their understanding of inference and prediction to make informed predictions about an audio narrative.
- Students will be able to analyze an audio narrative to identify the author's use of inference and prediction.

#### **Cross-Curricular Links:**

- English Language Arts
- Critical Thinking

## **Essential Questions & Big Ideas**

### **Essential Questions:**

- · What is inference and how is it used in audio narratives?
- How do authors use language to create inferences and make predictions in audio narratives?

### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Students will understand the importance of inference and prediction in audio narratives.
- Students will be able to apply their understanding of inference and prediction to real-life situations.

## **Student Context Analysis**

## **Class Profile:**

• Total Students: 25 • ELL Students: 5

• IEP/504 Plans: 3 • Gifted: 2

## **Learning Styles Distribution:**

Visual: 40%Auditory: 30%Kinesthetic: 30%



## **Pre-Lesson Preparation**

### **Room Setup:**

- · Arrange desks in a circle for group discussion.
- Prepare audio equipment for playing audio narratives.

### **Technology Needs:**

- · Audio player or computer with audio software.
- · Headphones or speakers.

### **Materials Preparation:**

- Audio narratives.
- · Worksheets for guided and independent practice.

#### **Safety Considerations:**

· Ensure students are seated comfortably and safely during audio playback.

## **Detailed Lesson Flow**

### Introduction (0-5 minutes)

- Introduce the topic of identifying inference and making predictions in audio narratives.
- Ask students to share their prior knowledge or experiences with audio narratives.

### **Direct Instruction (5-10 minutes)**

- Explain the concepts of inference and prediction using simple definitions and examples.
- Provide examples of audio narratives that demonstrate inference and prediction.

### **Engagement Strategies:**

- Use visual aids to illustrate the concepts of inference and prediction.
- Ask students to provide examples of inference and prediction from their own experiences.

### **Guided Practice (10-15 minutes)**

- Play an audio narrative and ask students to identify instances of inference and prediction.
- Have students work in pairs to complete a worksheet, answering questions related to the audio narrative.

### **Scaffolding Strategies:**

- Provide sentence stems to help students answer questions.
- Offer one-on-one support to students who need it.

## **Independent Practice (15-20 minutes)**

Have students listen to a new audio narrative and complete a worksheet on their own.

• The worksheet will require students to identify inference and prediction, and provide evidence from the narrative to support their answers.

## **Group Discussion (20-25 minutes)**

- Lead a class discussion on the audio narratives, asking students to share their findings and insights.
- Encourage students to use evidence from the narrative to support their inferences and predictions.

## Conclusion (25-30 minutes)

- Summarize the key points of the lesson, reviewing the concepts of inference and prediction.
- Have students reflect on what they learned, and how they can apply their new skills in real-life situations.



## **Differentiation & Support Strategies**

### For Struggling Learners:

- Provide additional support and scaffolding during guided and independent practice.
- Offer one-on-one support to students who need it.

#### For Advanced Learners:

- Provide additional challenges and extensions, such as creating their own audio narratives.
- Encourage students to create their own worksheets or quizzes for their peers.

### **ELL Support Strategies:**

- · Provide visual aids and graphic organizers to support ELL students.
- · Offer one-on-one support to ELL students who need it.

### **Social-Emotional Learning Integration:**

- Encourage students to reflect on their own learning and set goals for themselves.
- Teach students how to provide constructive feedback to their peers.

## **Assessment & Feedback Plan**

#### **Formative Assessment Strategies:**

- · Regular listening checks to monitor student progress.
- Peer assessment and self-assessment to encourage students to reflect on their own learning.

#### **Success Criteria:**

- Students will be able to recall the definitions of inference and prediction.
- Students will be able to apply their understanding of inference and prediction to make informed predictions about an audio narrative.

### **Feedback Methods:**

- · Verbal feedback during guided and independent practice.
- · Written feedback on worksheets and quizzes.

## **Homework & Extension Activities**

### **Homework Assignment:**

Have students listen to an audio narrative at home and complete a worksheet, identifying instances of inference and prediction.

## **Extension Activities:**

- Have students create their own audio narratives, incorporating inference and prediction.
- Encourage students to create their own worksheets or quizzes for their peers.

## **Parent/Guardian Connection:**

Send a letter home to parents/guardians, explaining the lesson and asking for their support in encouraging students to practice their skills at home.

## **Teacher Reflection Space**

## **Pre-Lesson Reflection:**

- What challenges do I anticipate?
- Which students might need extra support?
- What backup plans should I have ready?

### **Post-Lesson Reflection:**

- · What went well?
- What would I change?
- Next steps for instruction?



## **Guided Practice**

## **Activity 1: Audio Narrative Analysis**

- Have students work in pairs to analyze an audio narrative, identifying instances of inference and prediction.
- Provide a worksheet for students to complete, answering questions related to the audio narrative.



## **Independent Practice**

## **Beginner Activity: Audio Narrative Worksheet**

- Have students listen to an audio narrative and complete a worksheet, identifying explicit and implicit information
- Provide a worksheet for students to complete, answering questions related to the audio narrative.



## **Assessment**

## **Formative Assessment:**

- Regular listening checks to monitor student progress.
  Peer assessment and self-assessment to encourage students to reflect on their own learning.



## **Extension Activities**

## "The Mystery Box"

- Have students listen to a series of audio narratives that are connected by a common theme or plot.
  Ask students to make predictions about how they are linked.



## **Conclusion**

In conclusion, the lesson on identifying inference and making predictions in audio narratives is a valuable and engaging way to develop critical thinking skills in 9-year-old students.



## **Appendix**

## **Audio Narratives:**

• A selection of engaging audio stories to demonstrate inference and prediction.

### Worksheets:

• A range of worksheets to support guided and independent practice.

## **Assessment Rubrics:**

• Rubrics to evaluate student understanding of inference and prediction.



## **Glossary**

## Inference:

A conclusion or opinion formed based on evidence or clues.

## **Prediction:**

A forecast or guess about what might happen next in a story.



## References

## **UK Primary School Curriculum:**

The national curriculum for primary schools in the UK.

## **Audio Narrative Resources:**

A range of audio narratives and resources used to support the lesson.