Introduction to Algebraic Expressions
Welcome to the world of algebra! In this guide, we will explore the basics of algebraic expressions and how to simplify them. Algebraic expressions are used to represent mathematical relationships between variables and constants. By the end of this guide, you will be able to identify and combine like terms, apply the distributive property, and solve simple equations.
What are Algebraic Expressions?
Algebraic expressions are mathematical expressions that contain variables, constants, and mathematical operations. Variables are letters or symbols that represent unknown values, while constants are numbers that do not change. For example, in the expression $2x + 3$, x is a variable and 3 is a constant.

	expressions involves combining like term in factors. Let's try some examples:	s, applying the distributive property, and
1. Simplify the expression: 2x + 3 + 4x		
2. Simplify the ex	pression: x + 2 + 3x - 1	

Real-World Applications

Algebraic expressions have numerous real-world applications, such as calculating the cost of goods and services, determining the area and perimeter of shapes, and modeling population growth. Let's try an example:

A company produces two types of products, A and B. The cost of producing x units of product A is \$2x, and the cost of producing y units of product B is \$3y. The total cost of producing x units of product A and y units of product B can be represented by the algebraic expression 2x + 3y.

y to simplify the	following expres	ssions:			
1. 2x + 5 + 3x					
2. x + 2 + 2x - 3					

Check your answers:

1. 5x + 5 2. 3x - 1

hat has numerous i	rstanding and simplifying algebraic expressions is a fundamental concept in mathemat real-world applications. By practicing the concepts learned in this guide, you will be able gebraic expressions and solve equations with confidence.
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Additional Resou	rces
For more practice and games.	nd review, please visit our website for additional resources, including worksheets, quizz

Glossary

Here are some key terms to remember:

- Algebraic expression: a mathematical expression that contains variables, constants, and mathematical operations
- Variable: a letter or symbol that represents an unknown value
- Constant: a number that does not change
- Like terms: terms that have the same variable and exponent
- Distributive property: a property that states that a single operation can be applied to multiple terms