



## Introduction (5 minutes)

Welcome to this 1-hour lesson on forming present simple sentences with regular and irregular verbs using common Ukrainian-English cognates. As a Ukrainian A2 level learner, you will learn to form and use present simple sentences correctly, identify and use common Ukrainian-English cognates, and demonstrate improved fluency in English communication.

## Warm-Up Exercise (10 minutes)

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verb in parentheses:

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) English every day.
2. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (work) as a teacher.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the gym every morning.

## Grammar Explanation (15 minutes)

*Read the following explanation and examples:*

- Regular verbs: add -s or -es to the base form (e.g., walk -> walks)
- Irregular verbs: have unique forms (e.g., go -> goes)
- Common Ukrainian-English cognates: words similar in both languages (e.g., інформація -> information)

## Practice Exercise 1 (15 minutes)

*Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verb:*

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) breakfast at 7 am.
2. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (study) at the university.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV every evening.

### Vocabulary Building (10 minutes)

Match the following Ukrainian-English cognates:

1. інформація - \_\_\_\_\_
2. освіта - \_\_\_\_\_
3. комунікація - \_\_\_\_\_

### Practice Exercise 2 (15 minutes)

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verb:

1. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the store every day.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ (read) books in my free time.
3. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (play) soccer every weekend.

### Role-Play Conversation (20 minutes)

*Work in pairs to practice using present simple sentences in context:*

- Student A: Ask Student B about their daily routine.
- Student B: Respond using present simple sentences.

### Error Correction (10 minutes)

*Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences:*

1. I go to school every day, but my friend go to university.
2. My sister study English every day.
3. I watch TV every evening, but my brother watch movies.

## Sentence Completion (15 minutes)

*Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verb:*

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (usually) go to the park on Sundays.
2. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (often) eat pizza for dinner.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (never) drink coffee in the morning.

## Review (10 minutes)

*Review the key concepts and vocabulary from the lesson:*

- Regular and irregular verbs
- Common Ukrainian-English cognates
- Present simple sentence formation

### Final Exercise (20 minutes)

*Write five present simple sentences using regular and irregular verbs and common Ukrainian-English cognates:*

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_

### Assessment

*Please submit your completed worksheet to your teacher for assessment.*

## Advanced Concepts

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As you progress in your English language learning journey, it's essential to grasp advanced concepts that will help you communicate more effectively. In this section, we'll explore the use of modal verbs, conditional sentences, and clauses to enhance your language skills.

### Modal Verbs

Modal verbs such as can, could, may, might, shall, should, will, and would are used to express ability, permission, possibility, and obligation. For instance, "I can speak English fluently" or "You should try this cake, it's delicious."

## Conditional Sentences

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Conditional sentences are used to describe situations that may or may not happen. There are four types of conditional sentences: zero, first, second, and third. Each type has its own set of rules and usage. For example, "If it rains, I will take an umbrella" is a first conditional sentence.

### Case Study

Let's consider a scenario where you're planning a trip to a foreign country. You need to book a hotel room, but you're not sure if you'll arrive on time. You can use a second conditional sentence to express your uncertainty: "If I were you, I would book a hotel room in advance."

## Clauses and Phrases

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Clauses and phrases are essential components of English grammar. A clause is a group of words that contains a subject and a predicate, while a phrase is a group of words that doesn't contain a subject or a predicate. Understanding the difference between clauses and phrases will help you construct more complex sentences.

### Independent and Dependent Clauses

Independent clauses can stand alone as complete sentences, while dependent clauses cannot. For example, "I went to the store" is an independent clause, while "because I needed milk" is a dependent clause. You can combine these clauses to create more complex sentences: "I went to the store because I needed milk."

## Vocabulary Building

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Expanding your vocabulary is crucial to improving your English language skills. In this section, we'll focus on learning new words, phrases, and idioms that will help you communicate more effectively. We'll also explore strategies for memorizing and using new vocabulary in context.

### Case Study

Let's consider a scenario where you're trying to describe a beautiful sunset to a friend. You can use vivid vocabulary such as "stunning," "breathtaking," and "resplendent" to paint a picture in your friend's mind. You can also use idioms like "painting the town red" to add flavor to your description.

## Pronunciation Practice

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Pronunciation is a critical aspect of English language learning. In this section, we'll focus on practicing pronunciation through various exercises and activities. We'll cover topics such as intonation, stress, and rhythm to help you improve your speaking skills.

### Intonation Patterns

Intonation patterns refer to the rise and fall of pitch when speaking. For example, when asking a question, your pitch typically rises at the end of the sentence. Practice the following intonation patterns: "Do you like coffee?" (rising pitch) and "I love coffee" (falling pitch).

## Fluency Practice

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Fluency practice is essential to improving your English language skills. In this section, we'll engage in various activities to help you speak more fluently and confidently. We'll cover topics such as role-plays, discussions, and presentations to help you develop your speaking skills.

### Case Study

Let's consider a scenario where you're participating in a job interview. You need to speak confidently and fluently to make a good impression. Practice responding to common interview questions such as "Tell me about yourself" or "Why do you want to work for this company?"

## Conclusion

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In conclusion, mastering English grammar, vocabulary, and pronunciation is crucial to improving your language skills. Remember to practice regularly, engage in fluency activities, and focus on building your vocabulary. With dedication and persistence, you'll become a proficient English speaker in no time.

## Final Tips

Here are some final tips to help you improve your English language skills: practice consistently, immerse yourself in the language, and don't be afraid to make mistakes. Most importantly, stay motivated and enjoy the learning process.



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### Practice Exercise 2 (15 minutes)

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verb:

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