

Student Name:	
Class:	
Due Date:	

Introduction to the Water Cycle

The water cycle, also known as the hydrologic cycle, is the continuous process by which water is circulated between the Earth and the atmosphere. It is a vital process that sustains life on Earth and is essential for our planet's ecosystem.

The water cycle involves three main stages: evaporation, condensation, and precipitation. Understanding these stages is crucial for managing water resources and mitigating the effects of climate change.

What is the main source of evaporation?

- 1. Oceans
- 2. Lakes
- 3. Rivers

What is evaporation?

Evaporation is the process by which water is changed from a liquid to a gas. It occurs when the temperature and humidity of the air are high enough to allow water molecules to escape into the atmosphere.

- 1. What are the main sources of evaporation? _____
- 2. Draw a diagram to illustrate the process of evaporation.

Factors Affecting Evaporation

Several factors can affect the rate of evaporation, including temperature, humidity, wind speed, and solar radiation. Understanding these factors is essential for predicting and managing water resources.

- 1. How does temperature affect evaporation? _
- 2. How does humidity affect evaporation? _

What is condensation?

Condensation is the process by which water vapor is changed back into a liquid. It occurs when the air is cooled to its dew point, causing the water vapor to condense into droplets.

- 1. What are the main factors that affect condensation?
- 2. Describe a situation where condensation occurs in your daily life.

Types of Condensation

There are several types of condensation, including dew, frost, and precipitation. Understanding these types is essential for predicting and managing water resources.

- 1. What is dew? _
- 2. What is frost? ____

What is precipitation?

Precipitation is the process by which water falls to the ground. It can take many forms, including rain, snow, sleet, and hail.

- 1. What are the different types of precipitation? _____
- 2. Draw a diagram to illustrate the process of precipitation.

Factors Affecting Precipitation

Several factors can affect the amount and type of precipitation, including temperature, humidity, wind direction, and topography. Understanding these factors is essential for predicting and managing water resources.

- 1. How does temperature affect precipitation? _____
- 2. How does humidity affect precipitation? ____

Why is water conservation important?

Water conservation is essential for managing water resources and mitigating the effects of climate change. It involves using water efficiently and reducing waste.

- 1. What are some ways to conserve water at home?
- 2. Describe a situation where you conserved water in your daily life.

Water Conservation Strategies

There are several strategies for conserving water, including using low-flow appliances, fixing leaks, and harvesting rainwater. Understanding these strategies is essential for managing water resources.

- 1. What are the benefits of using low-flow appliances?
- 2. How can fixing leaks help conserve water? ____

Analyze the diagram below and describe the water cycle process.

[Insert diagram of the water cycle]

Create a visual representation of the water cycle using symbols and arrows.

In conclusion, the water cycle is a vital process that sustains life on Earth.

Understanding the different stages of the water cycle and the importance of water conservation is essential for managing water resources and mitigating the effects of climate change.

Multiple-choice questions:

- 1. What is the main source of evaporation?
 - 1. Oceans
 - 2. Lakes
 - 3. Rivers
- 2. What is the process by which water falls to the ground?
 - 1. Evaporation
 - 2. Condensation
 - 3. Precipitation

Short-answer questions:

- 1. Describe the process of condensation.
- 2. What are some ways to conserve water at home?

Create a poster or infographic that illustrates the water cycle process.

Include the different stages of the water cycle and the importance of water conservation. Present your poster or infographic to the class and explain the process of the water cycle.

Glossary

Evaporation: The process by which water is changed from a liquid to a gas.

Condensation: The process by which water vapor is changed back into a liquid.

Precipitation: The process by which water falls to the ground.

Water conservation: The practice of using water efficiently and reducing waste.