

Subject Area: Mathematics

**Unit Title:** Exploring Time Concepts

**Grade Level:** 1

Lesson Number: 1 of 10

**Duration:** 60 minutes **Date:** 2024-09-16

Teacher: Ms. Jane Smith

Room: Room 101

## **Curriculum Standards Alignment**

#### **Content Standards:**

- Understand the concept of time and its measurement
- · Compare and contrast different lengths of time

#### **Skills Standards:**

- Use everyday language to describe time
- · Apply time concepts to real-life scenarios

#### **Cross-Curricular Links:**

- English: using descriptive language to explain time concepts
- · Science: understanding the concept of time in relation to daily routines

## **Essential Questions & Big Ideas**

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What is time and how is it measured?
- How can we compare and contrast different lengths of time?

### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Time is a fundamental concept that helps us understand our daily routines
- · Comparing and contrasting different lengths of time helps us make informed decisions

## **Student Context Analysis**

#### Class Profile:

Total Students: 25ELL Students: 5IEP/504 Plans: 3

• Gifted: 2

#### **Learning Styles Distribution:**

Visual: 40%Auditory: 30%Kinesthetic: 30%



## **Pre-Lesson Preparation**

#### **Room Setup:**

- Arrange desks in a U-shape to facilitate group work
- Set up visual timers and clocks for demonstration

### **Technology Needs:**

- · Smartboard for presentation
- Tablets for group work

#### **Materials Preparation:**

- · Printed copies of time vocabulary flashcards
- · Clock faces with movable hands

#### **Safety Considerations:**

· Ensure students understand the importance of respecting each other's learning styles

### **Detailed Lesson Flow**

### Pre-Class Setup (15 mins before)

- · Set up room and materials
- · Prepare technology and visual aids

### Bell Work / Entry Task (5-7 mins)

· Have students write down their daily routines and what time they wake up, eat breakfast, etc.

### Opening/Hook (10 mins)

· Introduce the topic of time and ask students to share their daily routines

### **Engagement Strategies:**

- Use visual aids to support students with English as a second language
- Encourage students to share their thoughts and ideas

## **Direct Instruction (20-25 mins)**

· Explain the concept of time and its measurement

#### **Checking for Understanding:**

Use formative assessment strategies to check students' understanding

#### **Guided Practice (25-30 mins)**

· Have students work in pairs to match time-measuring devices with their corresponding times

## **Scaffolding Strategies:**

• Provide additional support for students with learning difficulties

## **Independent Practice (20-25 mins)**

• Have students create a schedule for their favorite activities, using hours and minutes to plan their day

## Closure (10 mins)

• Review the key concepts learned during the lesson



## **Differentiation & Support Strategies**

#### For Struggling Learners:

 Provide additional support and accommodations, such as extra time to complete activities

#### For Advanced Learners:

 Provide additional challenges and extensions, such as creating their own timethemed puzzles or games

#### **ELL Support Strategies:**

Use visual aids to support students with English as a second language

#### **Social-Emotional Learning Integration:**

· Encourage students to respect each other's learning styles and differences

#### **Assessment & Feedback Plan**

### **Formative Assessment Strategies:**

· Observe students during hands-on activities and group work

#### **Success Criteria:**

Students can describe and compare lengths of time using everyday language

#### Feedback Methods:

 Provide feedback and encouragement, reminding students that they can apply their knowledge of time to their daily lives

### **Homework & Extension Activities**

### **Homework Assignment:**

Have students create a timeline of their favorite events or activities, marking the start and end times for each event.

#### **Extension Activities:**

 Have students solve time problems, such as "If it takes 30 minutes to walk to school, and you leave your house at 8:00 am, what time will you arrive at school?"

#### Parent/Guardian Connection:

Encourage parents/guardians to ask their child about their daily routines and what time they wake up, eat breakfast, etc.

## **Teacher Reflection Space**

## **Pre-Lesson Reflection:**

- What challenges do I anticipate?
- Which students might need extra support?What backup plans should I have ready?

## **Post-Lesson Reflection:**

- What went well?
- What would I change?
- Next steps for instruction?



## **Introduction to Time Concepts**

#### Introduction:

This lesson plan is designed to introduce 6-year-old students with neurodiverse learning needs to the fundamental concepts of time, focusing on minutes and hours.

## **Lesson Objectives**

## **Lesson Objectives:**

- Students will be able to recall and define basic time-related vocabulary, such as "minute", "hour", and "duration"
- Students will be able to explain the concept of time and how it is measured using everyday language.



## **Exploring Time-Measuring Devices**

#### Introduction:

Introduce various time-measuring devices, such as clocks, timers, and calendars.

## **Activity 1: Matching Time-Measuring Devices**

## **Activity 1:**

Have students work in pairs to match the devices with their corresponding times, such as 30 minutes or 1 hour.



## **Understanding Minutes**

### Introduction:

Explain the concept of minutes, using everyday examples that students can understand.

## **Activity 2: Counting Down from 10 Minutes**

## **Activity 2:**

Have students participate in a hands-on activity where they count down from 10 minutes using a visual timer.



## **Understanding Hours**

#### Introduction:

Introduce the concept of hours, explaining how it relates to minutes.

## **Activity 3: Creating a Schedule**

## **Activity 3:**

Have students work in small groups to create a schedule for their favorite activities, using hours and minutes to plan their day.



## **Comparing Lengths of Time**

### Introduction:

Provide students with scenarios, such as "It takes 30 minutes to walk to school, but only 10 minutes to ride a bike."

## **Activity 4: Discussing and Comparing Lengths of Time**

## **Activity 4:**

Have students discuss and compare the lengths of time, using everyday language to describe their thoughts.



## **Conclusion**

### **Conclusion:**

Review the key concepts learned during the lesson, asking students to share what they learned.

### **Assessment**

### Assessment:

Observe students during hands-on activities and group work, noting their ability to use time vocabulary and compare lengths of time.



## **Extension Activities**

#### **Extension Activities:**

- Have students create a timeline of their favorite events or activities, marking the start and end times
  for each event
- Have students solve time problems, such as "If it takes 30 minutes to walk to school, and you leave your house at 8:00 am, what time will you arrive at school?"

## References

#### References:

- New Zealand Curriculum (2007)
- Ministry of Education (2017) The New Zealand Curriculum for English Medium Schools
- Time and Measurement A Guide for Teachers (2019)