



## Introduction to French Adjectives

*French adjectives are words that describe or modify nouns or pronouns. They help us to give more details about the things we are talking about. In French, adjectives must agree with the nouns they modify in terms of gender and number.*

### Exercise 1: Matching Adjectives

Match the following adjectives with their meanings:

1. Grand
2. Petit
3. Joli
4. Beau
5. Intéressant

A) Big, B) Small, C) Pretty, D) Beautiful, E) Interesting

## Forming French Adjectives

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*French adjectives can be formed in different ways. Some adjectives are regular, while others are irregular. Regular adjectives follow predictable patterns, while irregular adjectives must be memorized.*

### Exercise 2: Forming Adjectives

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*Form the feminine and plural forms of the following adjectives:*

1. Grand
2. Petit
3. Joli
4. Beau
5. Intéressant

## Adjective Agreements

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*French adjectives must agree with the nouns they modify in terms of gender and number. This means that the adjective changes its form to match the noun.*

### Exercise 3: Adjective Agreements

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*Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective:*

1. La maison est \_\_\_\_\_ (grand).
2. Les maisons sont \_\_\_\_\_ (grand).
3. Le livre est \_\_\_\_\_ (intéressant).
4. Les livres sont \_\_\_\_\_ (intéressant).

## Describing People, Places, and Objects

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*French adjectives can be used to describe people, places, and objects. We can use adjectives to talk about someone's physical appearance, personality, or interests.*

### Exercise 4: Describing People

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*Describe the following people using at least three adjectives:*

1. Your best friend
2. Your favorite teacher
3. A famous person you admire

## Vocabulary Building

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*Building your vocabulary is essential to learning French. Here are some common adjectives used to describe people, places, and objects:*

1. Sympathique (nice)
2. Intelligent (intelligent)
3. Historique (historic)
4. Délicieux (delicious)
5. Amusant (funny)

## Exercise 5: Vocabulary Building

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*Use the following adjectives to describe a place you have visited:*

1. La ville est \_\_\_\_\_ (historique).
2. Le parc est \_\_\_\_\_ (amusant).
3. Le restaurant est \_\_\_\_\_ (délicieux).

## Practice Exercises

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*Practice using French adjectives in context:*

1. Describe a book you have read using at least three adjectives.
2. Talk about a place you would like to visit using at least three adjectives.
3. Describe a person you admire using at least three adjectives.

## Review and Assessment

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*Review the key concepts learned in this worksheet:*

1. What are French adjectives?
2. How do French adjectives agree with nouns?
3. What are some common adjectives used to describe people, places, and objects?

## Exercise 7: Review

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*Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective:*

1. Le film est \_\_\_\_\_ (intéressant).
2. La ville est \_\_\_\_\_ (historique).
3. Le livre est \_\_\_\_\_ (délicieux).

## Conclusion

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*Congratulations! You have completed the worksheet on French adjectives. Remember to practice using adjectives in context to improve your French language skills.*

## Answer Key

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### Exercise 1:

1. A) Big
2. B) Small
3. C) Pretty
4. D) Beautiful
5. E) Interesting

### Exercise 2:

1. Grand - Grande - Grands
2. Petit - Petite - Petits
3. Joli - Jolie - Jolis
4. Beau - Belle - Beaux
5. Intéressant - Intéressante - Intéressants

### Exercise 3:

1. grande
2. grands
3. intéressant
4. intéressants

### Exercise 4: (Answers will vary)

### Exercise 5:

1. historique
2. amusant
3. délicieux

### Exercise 6: (Answers will vary)

### Exercise 7:

1. intéressant
2. historique
3. délicieux



### Bonus Exercise

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Create a short story using at least five French adjectives to describe a person, place, or object.