

### **Understanding Optical Magnification**

Before we begin our practical work, let's establish our understanding of key concepts. Complete the following questions:

- 1. Define optical magnification in your own words:
- 2. List three significant contributions of Anton van Leeuwenhoek to microscopy:
- 3. Explain how light behaves when it passes through a convex lens:

**Key Concept:** Optical magnification involves the use of lenses to create an enlarged image of an object by manipulating light paths.

#### **Quick Knowledge Check**

Match the following terms with their correct definitions:

Term	Your Answer	Definition
Focal Length		The distance between the center of a lens and the point where light rays converge
Resolution		The ability to distinguish between two closely spaced objects
Magnification		The ratio of image size to object size

## **Basic Optical Principles**

Draw and label ray diagrams for the following scenarios:

#### 1. Convex Lens Ray Diagram

Draw a ray diagram showing how a convex lens forms an image

#### 2. Concave Lens Ray Diagram

Draw a ray diagram showing how a concave lens affects light rays

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#### **Calculations Practice**

Solve the following magnification problems:

1. If an object is 0.5mm and appears to be 2mm under a microscope, what is the magnification?

2. A microscope has an eyepiece lens of 10X and an objective lens of 40X. What is the total magnification?

# **Microscope Components Identification**

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### Label the Microscope Diagram

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Space for microscope diagram - Label all components

ComponentFunctionCare InstructionsObjective LensIIEyepieceIIStageIICondenserII

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