

Subject Area: English Language Arts Unit Title: Understanding Descriptive Language and Sensory Details in Travel Blogs Grade Level: 9-12 Lesson Number: 1 of 10 Duration: 60 minutes Date: March 10, 2024 Teacher: Ms. Johnson Room: 205

### **Curriculum Standards Alignment**

#### **Content Standards:**

- CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.3
- CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.9-10.6

#### **Skills Standards:**

- CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.1
- CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.9-10.2

#### **Cross-Curricular Links:**

- Geography
- Culture

### **Essential Questions & Big Ideas**

#### **Essential Questions:**

- What is descriptive language and how is it used in travel blogs?
- · How can sensory details be used to create vivid descriptions in writing?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Descriptive language is a powerful tool for creating engaging and immersive writing.
- Sensory details are essential for bringing a place to life in writing.

### **Student Context Analysis**

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### **Class Profile:**

- Total Students: 25
- ELL Students: 5
- IEP/504 Plans: 3
- Gifted: 2

#### Learning Styles Distribution:

- Visual: 40%
- Auditory: 30%
- Kinesthetic: 30%



## Introduction to Descriptive Language

Descriptive language is a crucial element of travel writing, as it helps to create vivid imagery and convey the essence of a place. There are several types of descriptive language, including metaphors, similes, personification, and imagery.

### **Types of Descriptive Language:**

- Metaphors: Compare two things without using "like" or "as"
- Similes: Compare two things using "like" or "as"
- Personification: Give human-like qualities to non-human entities
- Imagery: Use sensory details to create vivid descriptions

### **Examples of Descriptive Language**

Effective use of descriptive language can transport readers to new and exciting destinations, and make them feel like they are experiencing it firsthand.

### Examples:

- The city was a beast that swallowed me whole.
- The sunset was like a fire in the sky.
- The wind whispered secrets in my ear.



## **Sensory Details in Travel Blogs**

Sensory details are a key component of descriptive language, as they help to create a rich and immersive description of a place.

#### Types of Sensory Details:

- Sight: Describe what can be seen, such as landscapes, architecture, or people
- Sound: Describe what can be heard, such as music, nature sounds, or city noises
- Smell: Describe what can be smelled, such as food, flowers, or pollution
- Taste: Describe what can be tasted, such as local cuisine or drinks
- Touch: Describe what can be felt, such as textures, temperatures, or sensations

### **Examples of Sensory Details**

Effective use of sensory details can engage readers and make them feel like they are experiencing the place firsthand.

### Examples:

- The sound of the waves crashing against the shore was soothing.
- The smell of freshly baked bread wafted through the air.
- The feel of the warm sand between my toes was comforting.



# Figurative Language in Travel Writing

Figurative language is a type of language that uses words or phrases to create vivid and evocative descriptions.

### Types of Figurative Language:

- Metaphors: Compare two things without using "like" or "as"
- Similes: Compare two things using "like" or "as"
- Personification: Give human-like qualities to non-human entities
- Hyperbole: Exaggerate or overstate something
- Alliteration: Repeat initial consonant sounds

## **Examples of Figurative Language**

Effective use of figurative language can add depth and complexity to writing, and make it more engaging and memorable.

### Examples:

- The city was a beast that swallowed me whole.
- The sunset was like a fire in the sky.
- The wind whispered secrets in my ear.



# Writing a Descriptive Travel Blog Post

To write a descriptive travel blog post, follow these steps:

#### Steps:

- 1. Choose a destination: Select a place you have visited or would like to visit
- 2. Brainstorm sensory details: Think about what you see, hear, smell, taste, and feel in the destination
- 3. Use descriptive language: Use metaphors, similes, personification, and imagery to create vivid descriptions
- 4. Organize your writing: Use a clear and concise structure, including an introduction, body, and conclusion
- 5. Edit and revise: Review your writing for clarity, coherence, and overall impact

## **Tips for Effective Travel Writing**

Here are some tips for effective travel writing:

Tips:

- Use sensory details: Incorporate sensory language to create vivid descriptions
- Show, don't tell: Use descriptive language to show the reader, rather than telling them
- Be specific: Use specific details and examples to make your writing more engaging
- Use active voice: Use active voice to create more dynamic and engaging writing
- Edit and revise: Review your writing for clarity, coherence, and overall impact



# Conclusion

In conclusion, understanding descriptive language and sensory details is essential for writing engaging and immersive travel blog posts.

By using metaphors, similes, personification, and imagery, you can create vivid descriptions that transport readers to new and exciting destinations.

### **Additional Resources**

Here are some additional resources to help you improve your travel writing skills:

#### **Resources:**

- Travel blog examples: Read and analyze examples of travel blogs to see how descriptive language and sensory details are used effectively
- Writing guides: Use writing guides and resources to improve your writing skills and learn more about descriptive language and sensory details
- Online courses: Take online courses or workshops to learn more about travel writing and descriptive language



### Glossary

Here is a glossary of key terms related to descriptive language and sensory details:

**Glossary:** 

- Descriptive language: Language used to describe a person, place, object, or experience
- Sensory details: Details that appeal to the senses, such as sight, sound, smell, taste, and touch
- Figurative language: Language that uses words or phrases to create vivid and evocative descriptions
- Metaphor: A comparison between two things without using "like" or "as"
- Simile: A comparison between two things using "like" or "as"

### **Final Thoughts**

In conclusion, descriptive language and sensory details are essential elements of travel writing.

By using these techniques, you can create engaging and immersive writing that transports readers to new and exciting destinations.