

Comparative and Superlative Forms Worksheet

Student Name: Class: Due Date:
Introduction to Comparative and Superlative Forms
Comparative and superlative forms are used to compare things. We use comparative forms to compare two things, and superlative forms to compare three or more things. • Comparative form: used to compare two things (e.g., bigger, happier) • Superlative form: used to compare three or more things (e.g., the biggest, the happiest)
Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses: 1. This cake is (delicious) than the one we had yesterday. 2. She is the (intelligent) student in our class. 3. This book is (interesting) than the last one I read.

Forming Comparative and Superlative Forms

Most adjectives form their comparative and superlative forms by adding -er and -est, respectively	Most ad	jectives form	their com	parative and s	superlative	forms by	y adding	-er and -e	st, res	pectively	
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- big bigger biggest
- happy happier happiest

Some adjectives have irregular comparative and superlative forms.

- good better best
- far farther/further farthest/furthest

Complete the following table with the comparative and superlative forms of the given adjectives:

Adjective big	Comparative	Superlative	nd superlative forms of the given adjectives.

Using Comparative Forms

Comparative forms are used:	to compare two things.
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- This car is faster than the other one.
- She is more intelligent than her brother.

Complete the following ser	ntences with the correct comparative form of the adjective in parentheses:
1. This phone is	(expensive) than the one I bought last year.
2. He is	(tall) than his father.
3. This city is	(crowded) than the one we visited last week.

Using Superlative Forms

Superlative forms are used to compare three or more thing	Superlative	e forms are u	ised to com	pare three o	r more thing:
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- This is the most delicious cake I've ever tasted.
- She is the best singer in our school.

Complete the following se	ntences with the correct superlative form of the adjective in parentheses:
1. This is the	(beautiful) beach I've ever seen.
2. He is the	(intelligent) student in our class.
3. This is the	(interesting) book I've read this year.

Mixed Exercises

Complete the following s	entences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses:	
1. This car is car on the market.	(fast) than the other one, but it's not the	(fast)
	(happy) today than she was yesterday, but she's not the (happy) person I know.	
•	(big) than the one we visited last week, but it's not the _ (big) city in the country.	
	_ (big) city in the country.	

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:	
"This is the most beautiful beach I've ever seen. The water is clearer than the water at the beach we visited last week, and the sand is softer than the sand at any other beach I've been to. The sun is shining brighter today than it was yesterday, and the air is fresher than the air in the city."	-
1. What is the author comparing in the passage?2. What is the author's opinion about the beach?3. What words does the author use to compare the beach to other beaches?	

Write a short paragraph describing a place you've visited using at least three comparative and superlative forms.

Writing Activity

Error Analysis

Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences:
 This cake is more delicious than any cake I've ever ate. She is the most intelligentest student in our class. This city is the biggest than any city I've visited.

Vocabulary Building

Match the following adjectives with their meanings:
 1. vast 2. exquisite 3. tedious 4. serene a) very large b) very beautiful c) very boring d) very peaceful

Final Exercise

Complete the following sentence	es with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses:
1. This is the	(difficult) puzzle I've ever tried to solve.
2. She is	_ (confident) than she was last year, but she's not the
(confident) person I know	
3. This city is	(crowded) than the one we visited last week, but it's not the
(crov	vded) city in the country.

Advanced Concepts

In this section, we will explore advanced concepts related to comparative and superlative forms. We will discuss the use of double comparatives, superlative forms with prepositions, and the comparison of adjectives with different meanings.

Double comparatives are used to compare two things that are changing in the same way.

- The more I study, the more I learn.
- The faster you drive, the more likely you are to have an accident.

Complete the following sen	tences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses:	
1. The more I	(travel), the more I appreciate my home.	
2. The less you	(sleep), the more tired you will feel.	
3. The more I	(read), the more I learn about different cultures.	

Superlative Forms with Prepositions

Superlative forms can be used with prepositions to indicate the relationship between two or more things.

The preposition "of" is often used with superlative forms to indicate the relationship between two or more things.

- This is the best book of all the books I've read.
- She is the most intelligent student of all the students in our class.

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses:

- 1. This is the _____ (beautiful) city of all the cities I've visited.
- 2. He is the _____ (talented) musician of all the musicians I've heard.
- 3. This is the _____ (difficult) puzzle of all the puzzles I've tried to solve.

Comparison of Adjectives with Different Meanings Adjectives with different meanings can be compared using different forms. For example, the adjectives "big" and "large" have similar meanings, but they are not always interchangeable. • This house is bigger than that one. • This room is larger than that one. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses: 1. This car is _____ (fast) than that one, but it's not the ____ (expensive) car on the market. 2. She is _____ (happy) today than she was yesterday, but she's not the _____ (intelligent) person I know. 3. This city is _____ (crowded) than the one we visited last week, but it's not the ____ (beautiful) city I've ever seen. **Error Analysis and Correction** In this section, we will analyze and correct common errors made when using comparative and superlative forms. One common error is the incorrect use of the definite article "the" with superlative forms. • Incorrect: This is more bigger than that. · Correct: This is bigger than that. Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences: 1. This cake is more deliciouser than any cake I've ever ate. 2. She is the most intelligentest student in our class. 3. This city is the biggest than any city I've visited.

Vocabulary Building and Expansion
n this section, we will expand our vocabulary by learning new adjectives and their comparative and superlative forms.
We will learn new adjectives such as "vast", "exquisite", "tedious", and "serene" and their comparative and superlative forms. • vast - vaster - vastest • exquisite - more exquisite - most exquisite • tedious - more tedious - most tedious • serene - more serene - most serene
Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses: 1. The
Final Project and Assessment
n this final section, we will work on a project that incorporates all the concepts learned throughout the course.
Write a short essay comparing and contrasting two cities you have visited, using at least five comparative and superlative forms.



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Using Comparative Forms

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 What is the author comparing in the passage? What is the author's opinion about the beach? What words does the author use to compare the beach to other beaches?

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(confident) person I know			
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(crov	vded) city in the country.		

Congratulations! You have completed the Comparative and Superlative Forms Worksheet.